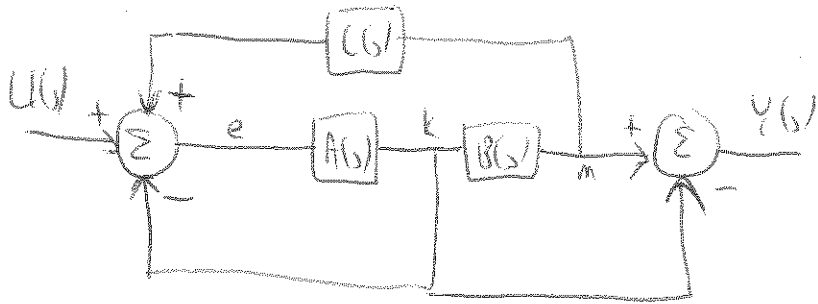


Q1

Page 1



$eA = k$ $kB = m$ \rightarrow $eAB = m$

$u + mC - k = e$

$u + eABC - eA = e$

$u = e[1 + A - ABC]$

$m - k = y$

$eAB - eA = y$

$\frac{y}{u} = \frac{e[AB - A]}{e[1 + A - ABC]} = \frac{A[B - 1]}{1 + A - ABC}$

$e[AB - A] = y$

(a) $G(s) = K \frac{(s+2)^2}{(s-1)^2 (s+4)}$ breakaway point $s = \frac{7}{3}$

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$$= K \frac{N(s)}{D(s)}$$

$$\left[\frac{d}{ds} (N(s)) \right] D(s) - \left[\frac{d}{ds} D(s) \right] N(s) = 0$$

$$2(s+2)(s-1)^2(s+4) - (s+2)^2 [2(s-1)(s+4) + (s-1)^2] = 0$$

$$2(-3+2)(-3-1)^2(-3+4) - (-3+2)^2 [2(-3-1)(-3+4) + (-3-1)^2] = 0$$

$$2(-1)16(-3+4) - 1 [2(-4)(-3+4) + 16] = 0$$

$$-32(-3+4) = -8[-3+4] + 16$$

$$96 - 32x = 24 - 8x + 16$$

$$56 = 24x$$

$$x = \frac{7}{3}$$

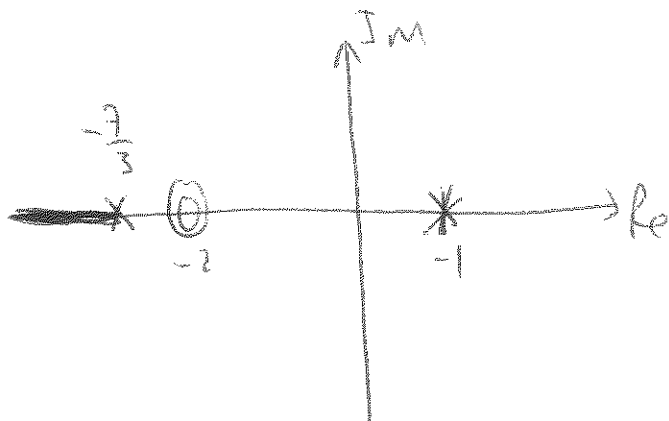
$$G(s) = K \frac{(s+2)^2}{(s-1)^2 (s + \frac{7}{3})} = K \frac{N(s)}{D(s)} \quad \begin{matrix} \deg(N(s)) = 2 = m \\ \deg(D(s)) = 3 = n \end{matrix}$$

(b) Rule 1: num-branches = max(m, n) = 3

Rule 2: starting points: $p_1 = 1$, $p_2 = 1$, $p_3 = -\frac{7}{3}$

Ending points: $z_1 = -2$, $z_2 = -2$, $z_3 = \infty$ (asymptote)

Rule 3: Locus on real axis



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Rule 4: Asymptotes: $\theta = \frac{180}{n-m} = 180^\circ$

$$\text{Centroid} = \sigma = \frac{p_1 + p_2 + p_3 - (z_1 + z_2)}{n-m} = \frac{1 + 1 + (-\frac{7}{3}) - (-2 + -2)}{1}$$

$$= \frac{6 - \frac{7}{3}}{1} = \frac{11}{3}$$

Rule 5: Break-in Break-away points

$$\left[\frac{d}{ds} N(s) \right] D(s) - \left[\frac{d}{ds} D(s) \right] N(s) = 0$$

$$2(s+2)(s-1)^2 \left(s + \frac{7}{3} \right) - (s+2)^2 \left[2(s-1) \left(s + \frac{7}{3} \right) + (s-1)^2 \right]$$

$$(s+2)(s-1) \left[2(s-1) \left(s + \frac{7}{3} \right) \right] - (s+2)(s-1) \left[(s+2) \left[2 \left(s + \frac{7}{3} \right) + (s-1) \right] \right]$$

$$(s+2)(s-1) \left[2s^2 + \frac{8}{3}s - \frac{14}{3} - (s+2) \left[3s + \frac{11}{3} \right] \right]$$

$$(s+2)(s-1) \left[2s^2 + \frac{8}{3}s - \frac{14}{3} - 3s^2 - (6 + \frac{11}{3})s - \frac{22}{3} \right]$$

$$(s+2)(s-1) \left[-s^2 - 7s - 12 \right] = -(s+2)(s-1)(s+3)(s+4)$$

$s = -2$ $s = 1$ $s = -3$ $s = -4$ break-in, break-away points

$$H(s) = H \cdot K \frac{(s+2)^2}{(s-1)(s+\frac{7}{3})} = 0$$

Page 4

$$(s-1)^2(s+\frac{7}{3}) + K(s+2)^2 = 0$$

if $s = -3$ $(-3-1)^2(-3+\frac{7}{3}) + K(-3+2)^2 = 0$

$$16(-\frac{2}{3}) + K \cdot 1 = 0 \quad K = \frac{32}{3}$$

if $s = -4$ $(-4-1)^2(-4+\frac{7}{3}) + K(-4+2)^2 = 0$

$$25(-\frac{5}{3}) + 4K = 0 \quad K = \frac{125}{12}$$

if $K = \frac{125}{12}$

$$H \frac{125}{12} \frac{(s+2)^2}{(s-1)^2(s+\frac{7}{3})} = 0 \Rightarrow s_1 = -4, s_2 = -4, s_3 = -\frac{17}{4}$$

if $K = \frac{32}{3}$

$$H \frac{32}{3} \frac{(s+2)^2}{(s-1)^2(s+\frac{7}{3})} = 0 \Rightarrow s_1 = -3, s_2 = -3, s_3 = -\frac{15}{3} = -5$$

Rule 8 \rightarrow Imaginary axis crossing (should be divisible by $w^2 + s^2$)

$$(s-1)^2(s+\frac{7}{3}) + K(s+2)^2 = (s^2 + a)(s + b)$$

$$(s^2 - 2s + 1)(s + \frac{7}{3}) + K(s^2 + 4s + 4) = s^3 + as^2 + bs + c$$

$$s^3 + \frac{1}{3}s^2 - \frac{11}{3}s + \frac{7}{3} + K(s^2 + 4s + 4) = s^3 + as^2 + bs + c$$

$$s^3 + \left[\frac{1}{3} + K\right]s^2 + \left[4K - \frac{11}{3}\right]s + \left[4K + \frac{7}{3}\right] = s^3 + as^2 + bs + c$$

$$a: \frac{1}{3} + K \quad w^2 = 4K - \frac{11}{3} \quad w^2 = \left(4K - \frac{7}{3}\right)$$

Page 5

$$\left(K + \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(4K - \frac{11}{3}\right) = 4K + \frac{7}{3}$$

$$4K^2 + \left(\frac{4}{3}K - \frac{11}{3}K\right) - \frac{11}{9} = 4K + \frac{7}{3}$$

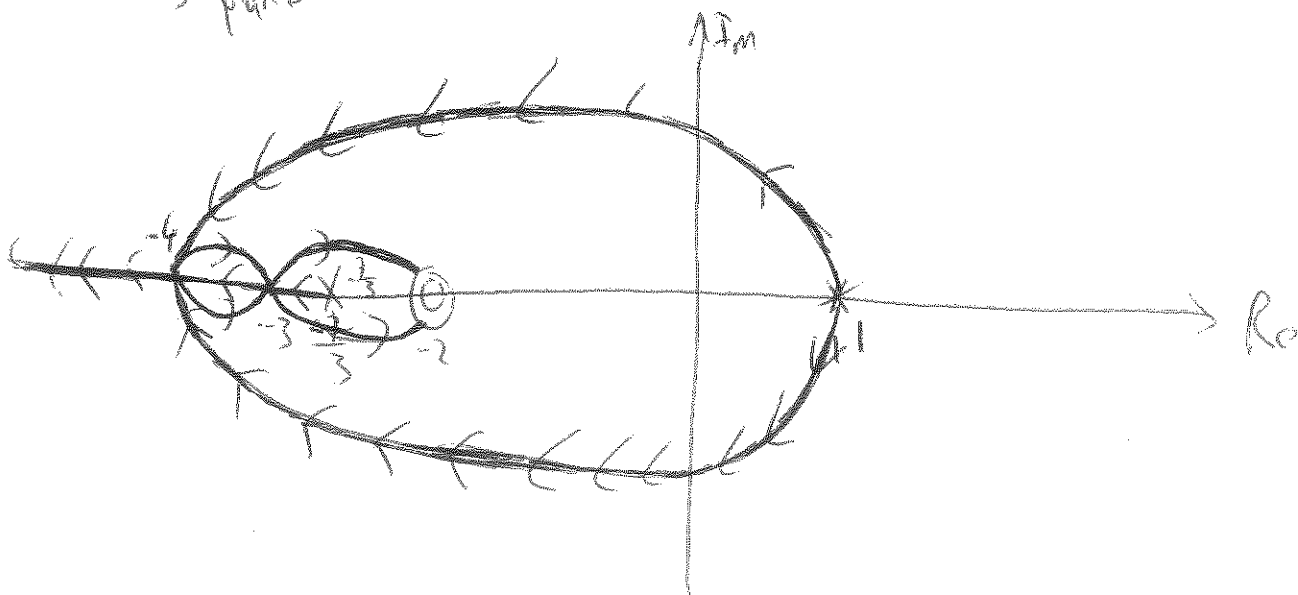
$$4K^2 + \left[-\frac{7}{3} - 4\right]K - \left[\frac{11}{9} - \frac{7}{3}\right] = 0$$

$$4K^2 + \frac{-19}{3}K - \frac{10}{9} = 0$$

$$K = \frac{\frac{19}{3} \pm \sqrt{\frac{361}{9} + \frac{400}{9}}}{8} = \frac{\frac{19}{3} \pm \sqrt{\frac{761}{9}}}{8}$$

take positive $K = \frac{\frac{19}{3} + \sqrt{\frac{761}{9}}}{8} = \frac{19 + \sqrt{761}}{24}$

s-plane Root Locus Plot



(03) $\dot{x}_1 = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + e^{x_1} - 2 = f_1$

$y = x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 1$

$\dot{x}_2 = x_1 - x_2 + u = f_2$

operating point (set point $y=1$) $[\dot{x}_1=0, \dot{x}_2=0]$

$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1^2 + x_2^2 + e^{x_1} - 2 \\ x_1 - x_2 + u \end{bmatrix}$

$x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 1 = y$

$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + e^{x_1} - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow 1 + e^{x_1} - 2 = 0 \quad e^{x_1} = 1 \quad x_1 = 0$

$x_1 - x_2 + u = 0 \Rightarrow 0 - x_2 + u = 0 \quad x_2 = u$

$x_1 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2^2 = 1 = y \quad x_2 = -1$ (it should be positive due to the question)

$u = -1$ (it should be non-positive due to the question)

set point $(y=1, x_1=0, x_2=-1, u=-1)$

$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{df_1}{dx_1} & \frac{df_1}{dx_2} \\ \frac{df_2}{dx_1} & \frac{df_2}{dx_2} \end{bmatrix}_{\text{set-point}} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x_1 + e^{x_1} & 2x_2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}_{\text{set-point}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

$B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{df_1}{du} \\ \frac{df_2}{du} \end{bmatrix}_{\text{set-point}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$C = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{dh}{dx_1} & \frac{dh}{dx_2} \end{bmatrix}_{\text{set-point}} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x_1 & 2x_2 \end{bmatrix}_{\text{set-point}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

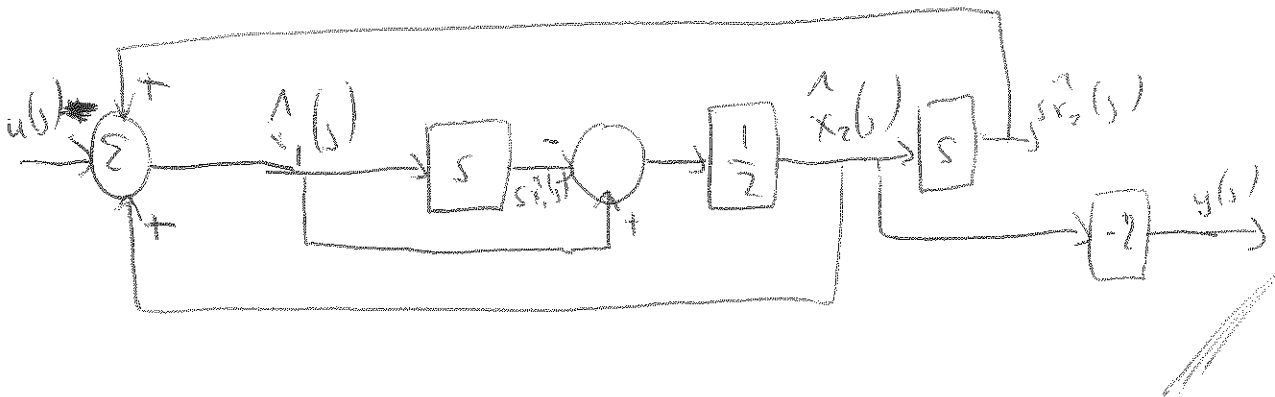
(b) linearized system

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\hat{x}}_1 \\ \dot{\hat{x}}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{x}_1 \\ \hat{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{x}_1 \\ \hat{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \& \quad y(s) = -2 \hat{x}_2(s)$$

$$s \hat{x}_1(s) = \hat{x}_1(s) - 2 \hat{x}_2(s) \quad \rightarrow \quad \left[\hat{x}_1(s) - s \hat{x}_1(s) \right] \frac{1}{s} = \hat{x}_2(s)$$

$$s \hat{x}_2(s) = \hat{x}_1(s) - \hat{x}_2(s) + u(s) \quad \rightarrow \quad \hat{x}_1(s) = s \hat{x}_2(s) + \hat{x}_2(s) - u(s)$$



(4) $H(s) = \frac{1-zs}{1+70s}$

(a) $H(j\omega) = \frac{1 - \frac{j\omega}{0.5}}{1 + \frac{j\omega}{0.05}} \Rightarrow |H(j\omega)| = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\omega^2}{(0.5)^2}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\omega^2}{(0.05)^2}}}$ critical frequencies $\omega = 0.5$ and $\omega = 0.05$

$|H(j\omega)|_{dB} = 20 \log \sqrt{1 + \frac{\omega^2}{(0.5)^2}} - 20 \log \sqrt{1 + \frac{\omega^2}{(0.05)^2}}$

(1) $0 < \omega < 0.05$

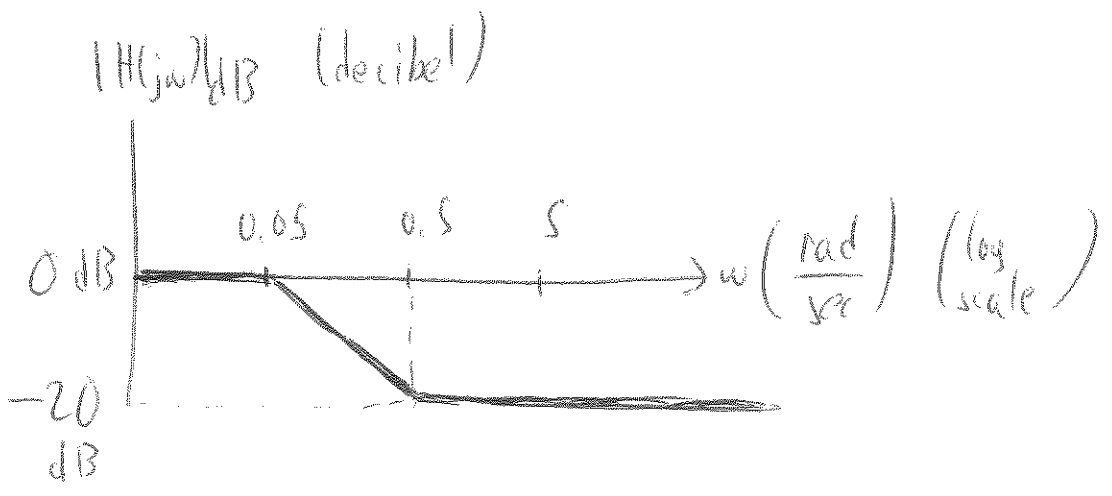
$|H(j\omega)|_{dB} \approx 20 \log 1 - 20 \log 1 = 0 \text{ dB}$

(2) $0.05 < \omega < 0.5$

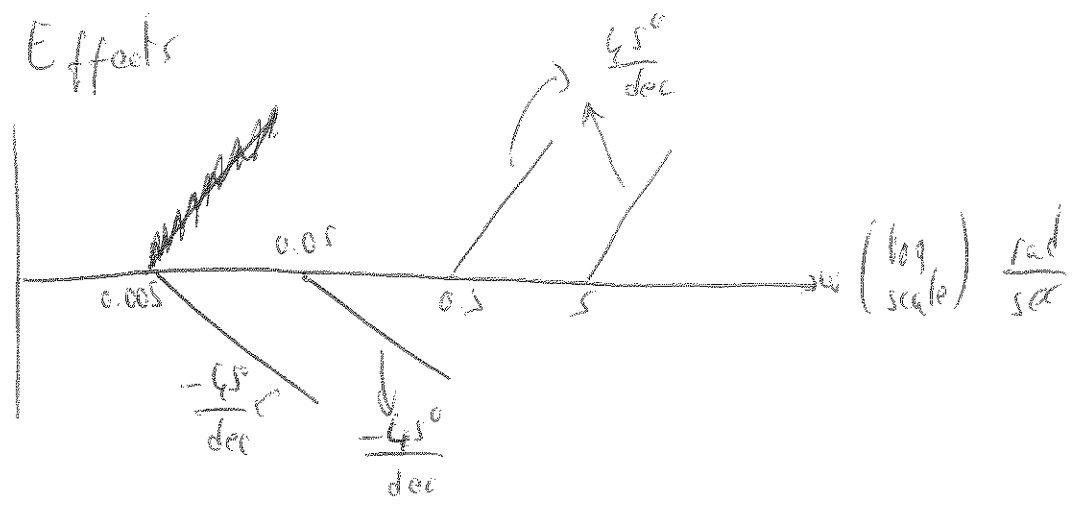
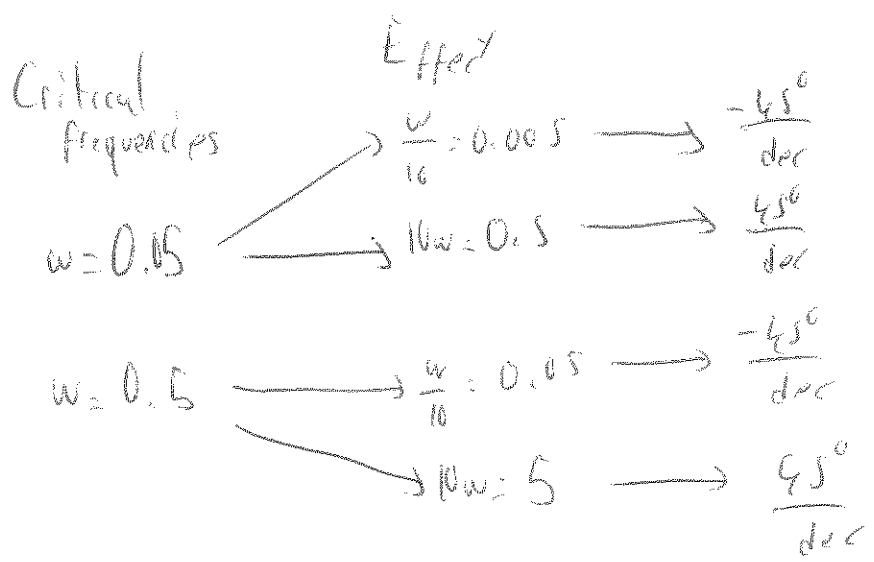
$|H(j\omega)|_{dB} \approx 20 \log 1 - 20 \log \frac{\omega}{0.05}$

(3) $0.5 < \omega$

$|H(j\omega)|_{dB} = 20 \log \frac{\omega}{0.5} - 20 \log \frac{\omega}{0.05} = -20 \text{ dB}$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{b} \quad H(j\omega) &= \frac{1 - \frac{j\omega}{0.5}}{1 + \frac{j\omega}{0.05}} = + \text{Arctan} \left(\frac{-\omega}{0.5} \right) - \text{Arctan} \left(\frac{\omega}{0.05} \right) \\
 &= - \left[\text{Arctan} \frac{\omega}{0.5} + \text{Arctan} \frac{\omega}{0.05} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$



Approximation

— $0 < \omega < 0.005$
 $H(j\omega) \approx 0$

— $0.005 < \omega < 0.05$ total effect = $-\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}}$
 $H(j\omega) \approx 0^\circ - 45^\circ \log \frac{\omega}{0.005}$ if $\omega = 0.05 \Rightarrow H(j\omega) \approx -45^\circ$

$0.05 < \omega < 0.5$ total-effect = $\left[-\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} + -\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} \right] = -\frac{90^\circ}{\text{dec}}$ (page 10)

$\angle H(j\omega) \approx -45 - 90 \log \frac{\omega}{0.05} \Rightarrow \text{if } \omega = 0.5 \quad \angle H(j\omega) = -135^\circ$

$0.5 < \omega < 5$ total-effect = $\left[-\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} + -\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} + \frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} \right] = -\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}}$

$\angle H(j\omega) \approx -135 - 45 \log \frac{\omega}{0.5} \Rightarrow \text{if } \omega = 5 \quad \angle H(j\omega) = -180^\circ$

$5 < \omega$ total-effect = $\left[-\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} + -\frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} + \frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} + \frac{45^\circ}{\text{dec}} \right] = \frac{0^\circ}{\text{dec}}$
 $\angle H(j\omega) = -180^\circ$

